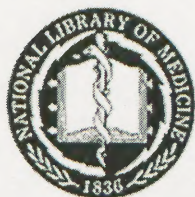


ORDERS, RULES,
AND
REGULATIONS
OF THE
BOARD OF HEALTH,
OF THE
City of Youngstown.

Intended for the Benefit of the General Public
in Matters of Health.

TELEGRAM PRINT, YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO.

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CHAPTER I.

ORGANIZATION, OFFICERS, GOVERNMENT, ETC.

SECTION 1. Upon the first regular meeting of the Board of Health after the appointment and qualification of the two new members each year, the Board shall organize as follows: The Mayor shall be President of the Board by virtue of his office, and the Board shall choose one of its members President pro tem., who shall preside in the absence of the Mayor, and shall do and perform all the duties incumbent upon the President. The Board shall also choose a health officer, a clerk and one or more sanitary policemen, all of whom shall hold their offices respectively for the term of one year and until their respective successors are chosen and qualified, unless sooner removed by the Board. This shall constitute the regular officers, but the Board may, from time to time, as occasion requires, appoint as many sanitary policemen, or ward or district physicians or nurses as it deems necessary for sanitary police duty and for the care of the sick, poor, and such other persons as may be in need, and fix their compensation and dispense with their services whenever the Board deems proper.

The Board of Health shall procure suitable books, blanks and other materials and things actually necessary for the transaction of its business. It shall keep a book for the registration of births, deaths and cases of infectious and contagious diseases.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the health officer to enforce all laws, ordinances and regulations relating to causes of sickness, nuisance and sources of filth in the city; and the health officer, or any member of the Board of Health, shall have the power to enter upon any premises for the purpose of investigating the sanitary condition thereof.

SEC. 3. The health officer may, with the consent of the Board of Health, order any furniture, clothing or other property, either to be destroyed, removed or disinfected, whenever he may deem it necessary for the health of the city.

SEC. 4. The health officer or any member of the Board of Health may remove out of the city any person who is supposed to be infected with any dangerous, malignant, contagious, infectious or pestilential disease, or to the city hospital or pest house when he shall deem such removal necessary to prevent the spread of disease, and that such removal can be made without danger to life of such person.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of sanitary policemen to see that all health ordinances, orders and regulations of the city are obeyed and strictly enforced; and they shall devote their entire time to their official duties. They shall at all times obey the instructions of the health officer and the Board, and when it becomes necessary to serve any special

health order or regulation upon any person before its execution, he shall, upon receipt thereof, serve the same upon the person or persons to whom it is directed, or such of them as are in the city and can be found, by delivering to each of them a true and correct copy thereof, the original of which he shall retain and return to the clerk, with a statement of his action in the premises thereon endorsed. The sanitary policeman shall perform such other duties as the Board of Health officer shall from time to time direct, and shall receive such salary and compensation for his services during his term as the Board may prescribe, to be paid in monthly installments.

SEC. 6. The clerk shall keep correct minutes of the transactions of the Board, and record the same in a book to be provided for that purpose. He shall attend to the publication of all general orders and and health regulations duly passed by the Board, and shall procure and preserve in his office the newspaper files in which the same were published, until the end of his term of office, when he shall deliver them to the city clerk, to be bound together with newspaper files kept by such clerk. He shall record, index and preserve in his office all such orders and health regulations in a book in which no other matter shall be written or recorded, to be provided by the Board of Health, and shall attach to the record of each or such orders or regulations his certificate showing the time and manner of publication. Whenever any special order, or health regulation is made by the Board, necessary to be served before execution, the clerk shall deliver the same, or a certified copy thereof to a sanitary policeman for service; and when returned by said sanitary policeman he shall record, file and keep the same, with its endorsement, in his office. For his services the clerk shall receive such compensation as the Board may fix and establish, to be paid in quarterly installments.

SEC. 7. The regular meeting of the Board shall be held on the first Monday of each month, at such time and place as the Board may direct, but special meetings may be held at any time by request of the Mayor or any three members of the Board, provided all members are duly notified of the time, place and object of the meeting.

CHAPTER II.

NUISANCES.

SECTION 8. The Board of Health shall abate and remove all nuisances within its jurisdiction. It may compel the owner, agents, assignees, occupants or tenants of any lot, property, building or structure upon or in which any nuisance may be, to abate and remove the same by orders therefor, and treat the neglect or refusal to obey orders for such purpose as a misdemeanor punishable as hereinafter provided. The Board may also, by its own officers and employes, abate and remove nuisances, and certify the cost and expenses of such suppression, removal or abatement, to the county auditor, to be assessed against the property, and thereby made a lien thereon and collected as other taxes.

The Board of Health may regulate the location, construction, repair, use, emptying and cleaning of all water closets, privies, cesspools, sinks, plumbing, drains, yards, pens, stables or other places where offensive or dangerous substances or liquids are or may accumulate.

SEC. 9. When any building, erection, excavation, premises, business, pursuit, matter or thing, or the sewerage, drainage, plumbing, or ventilation thereof is, in the opinion of the Board of Health, in a condition dangerous to life or health, and when any building or structure is occupied or rented for living or business purposes, and sanitary plumbing and sewerage are feasible and necessary, but neglected or refused, the Board of Health may declare the same a public nuisance, and may order the same to be removed, abated, suspended, altered, or otherwise improved or purified, by the owner, agent, or other person or persons having control of the same, or being responsible for the condition; and the refusal or neglect to obey said order shall be a misdemeanor punishable as hereinafter provided. The Board may, also, by its officers and employees, remove, abate, suspend, alter, or otherwise improve or purify the same, and certify the cost and expenses thereof to the County Auditor, to be assessed against the property, and thereby made a lien upon the same, and collected as other taxes.

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of the health officer or any member of the Board of Health, or any sanitary police officer, when such member or officer deems it necessary in order to preserve the public health, to enter upon premises, or into the house, manufactory, workshop, or other place of any person or persons within the limits of the city, to ascertain any nuisance that may there exist, to inspect drains, vaults, cellars, cess-pools, water closets, earth closets, cisterns, wells, privy vaults, sewers, yards and grounds of such premises, to examine into the condition of persons inhabiting or working in such places, and when satisfied that apartments used for lodging or working therein are damp, ill-lighted, ill-ventilated, improperly constructed or liable from overcrowding or filth to become infected with infectious, malignant, pestilential or dangerous diseases, or are not properly provided with pure water and with privies or water closets, or with sewers, drains, or cess pools, any such member or officer shall serve a written notice upon the owner, agent, lessee, occupant, tenant, or other person in charge of such premises to correct or remove the nuisance or objection therein named, and if such owner, agent, occupant, lessee, tenant, or other person in charge neglect or refuse to obey such notice, the Board of Health, or if necessary to be done at once, such member or officer is hereby fully authorized to put the same in proper order at the expense of such owner, occupant, agent, lessee, tenant, or other person having charge thereof.

SEC. 11. No person shall suffer or permit any cellar, vault or private drain, pool or privy upon any premises belonging to or occupied by him, to become nauseous, offensive or injurious to the public health.

SEC. 12. No owner or occupant of any lot or tenement shall cause or permit any nuisance to be or remain in or upon the same or between such lot or tenement and the center of the street adjoining.

SEC. 13. No owner or possessor of any animal which may have died shall permit the same to lie upon any street, avenue, square, park or other public grounds.

SEC. 14. No butcher, soap boiler, tallow maker, or other person shall keep or use, or cause to be used or kept, any stale, putrid or stinking meat, fat or grease; nor shall any person keep for more than twenty-four hours any undressed hides, except at the place where the same are to be manufactured.

SEC. 15. In all cases where the order of the Board of Health is neglected or disregarded in whole or in part, the Board may elect to cause the arrest and prosecution of the person or persons offending, as hereinafter provided, or may elect to do and perform, by its officers and employees, what the offending parties should have done. If the latter course is chosen, before the execution of the order of the Board is begun, it shall cause a citation to issue, and be served upon the person or persons responsible, if residing within the jurisdiction of the Board; but if not, shall cause it to be mailed by registered letter to said person if the address is known or can be found by ordinary diligence and if the address cannot be found by ordinary diligence, shall cause the citation to be left upon the premises, in charge of any person residing thereon; otherwise it shall be posted conspicuously thereon. The citation shall briefly recite the cause of the complaint and require the owner or other person or persons responsible, to appear before the Board of Health at a time and place stated, or as soon thereafter as a hearing can be had and show cause, if any, why the Board should not proceed and furnish the material and labor necessary to, and remove the cause of complaint. If the person or persons cited appear, he or they shall be fully apprised of the cause of complaint and given a fair hearing. The Board shall then make such order as it deems proper, and if material or labor is necessary to satisfy the order, and the person or persons cited promise, within a definite and reasonable time to furnish the same, the board shall grant such time; but if no such promise is made or kept, the Board shall furnish the material and labor, cause the work to be done, and certify the cost and expense to the Auditor of the County. If material and labor are itemized, and the statement is accompanied by the certificate of the President of the Board, attested by the Clerk, reciting the order of the Board, and that the amount is correct, the Auditor shall have no discretion, but shall place the sum against the property upon which the material and labor were expended, which shall, from the date of entry, be a lien upon the property, and be paid as other taxes are paid.

SEC. 15 (a). Any person or persons who shall violate any order of the Board of Health made in compliance with sections 8, 9 and 15 hereof, after having been first served with written notice in such order, shall upon conviction thereof be fined in any sum not less than \$10, nor more than \$50.

SEC. 16. No person shall sprinkle or cause any street, avenue, public square, park, lane, alley, or public highway in the city to be sprinkled with water by any street sprinkler, hose, or other means, so as

to cause the street, avenue, square, park, lane, alley, or public highway to become muddy.

The paved avenues and paved streets of the city shall be flushed under such rules and regulations as the Board of City Commissioners may hereafter establish; provided said flushing shall be done between the hours of 8 o'clock p. m. and 6 o'clock a. m.

If an alarm of fire be sounded by the fire department, during the flushing of any avenue or street, said flushing shall cease until said fire department has given notice that the fire is out.

SEC. 17. Whenever any catch basin is cleaned, except in winter time, it shall be the duty of the person so cleaning it to at once fill such catch basin with clean water to a height covering the stench trap.

And the debris taken from such catch basin, shall within twelve hours, or sooner if ordered by the Health Officer, be removed by the person cleaning such catch basin, and taken to some place where noxious odors and poisonous gases arising therefrom, will not endanger the health of any individual or the public.

SEC. 18. Whoever erects, continues, uses or maintains any building, structure or place for the exercise of any trade, employment or business, or for the keeping or feeding of any animal which, by occasioning noxious exhalations, or noisome or offensive smells, becomes injurious to the health, comfort or property of individuals, or the public, or causes or suffers any offal, filth, or noisome substance to be collected, or to remain, in any place, to the damage or prejudice of others, or the public, or obstructs or impedes, without legal authority, the passage of the Mahoning river, or corrupts or renders unwholesome or impure any water course, stream or water, or unlawfully diverts any such water course from its natural course or state, to the injury or prejudice of others, or obstructs or encumbers, by fences, buildings, structures, or otherwise, any public ground or highway, or any street or alley of the city, shall be fined not more than \$500.

SEC. 19. Whoever builds, erects, constructs, continues, keeps up and maintains any dam or other obstruction in any stream of water running through the city, and thereby raises an artificial pond, or produces stagnant water, which is manifestly injurious to the public health or safety, shall upon conviction thereof be fined in any sum not exceeding \$500. All moneys collected under this section, shall be used for sanitary purposes, in such manner as the Board of Health by resolution, may direct.

SEC. 20. Whosoever puts the carcass of any dead animal, or the offal from any slaughter house, or butcher's establishment, packing house or fish house, or any spoiled meat, or spoiled fish, or any putrid substance, or decaying animal or vegetable matter, or the contents of any privy vault upon or into any river, creek, pond, canal, road, street, alley, lot, field, meadow, public ground, market space or common, (except at such place or places as may be provided by the Board of Health,) and whoever being the owner or occupant of any such place, knowingly permits any such thing to remain therein, to the annoyance of any of the citizens of this city, neglects or refuses to remove or abate the nuisance occasioned

thereby, within 24 hours after knowledge of the existence of such nuisance upon any of the above described premises, owned or occpnied by him, or after notice thereof in writing, from the Health Officer of this city, shall be fined not more than \$50 nor less than \$10, and pay the cost of prosecution, and in default of the payment of said fine and costs, be imprisoned not more than 30 days; but the provisions hereinbefore made shall not prohibit the depositing the contents of privy vaults and catch basins into trenches or pits not less than three (3) feet deep, excavated in any lot, field or meadow, the owner thereof consenting, and not less than 30 rods distance from any dwelling, well or spring of water, pond, canal, run, creek, brook or stream of water, public road or highway; provided, said contents deposited in said trenches or pits are immediately thereafter covered with dry earth to the depth of at least 12 inches; nor shall said provisions prohibit the depositing of said contents into furrows situate and distinct, as specified for said trenches or pits, provided the same are immediately thereafter wholly covered with dry earth by plowing or otherwise, and provided, also, that the owner or occupant of the land in which said furrows are plowed, consents and is a party thereto; provided, also, that the Board of Health may allow said contents to be deposited within the corporate limits into trenches or pits or furrows, situate, distant and to be covered as aforesaid.

SEC. 21. Whoever maliciously puts any dead animal, carcass or part thereof, or any other putrid, nauseous, noisome or offensive substance into or in any manner befouls any well, spring, brook, or branch of running water, or any reservoir of waterworks of which use is or may be made for domestic purposes, shall be fined not more than \$50 nor less than \$5, or imprisoned not more than 60 days, or both.

CHAPTER III.

PRIVIES AND PRIVY VAULTS.

SECTION 22. Every building in the city shall be furnished with water closets, privies or privy vaults of sufficient size and number to accommodate all persons who work in or inhabit such buildings or use such water closets, privies or privy vaults, and the owner, agent, lessee, occupant or other person having control of the premises on which such water closet, privy or privy vault is situated shall keep the said water closet, privy or privy vault in good and constant condition and repair.

SEC. 23. Any person or persons intending to construct a privy vault or cesspool shall first obtain a written permit so to do from the Health Officer, which permit shall designate the distance from any house, well or spring, the kind of vault or cesspool, whether to be made water tight or otherwise, and depth thereof, and what ventilation is required. In case any less depth than 10 feet is allowed in the construction of any privy vault, such permit shall state that the owner, agent, occupant or person in charge of the same shall submit to all requirements thereafter made by the Health Officer, said Board or any member of said Board interested, to keep said vault clean and in good condition. Any such person or persons violating said permit, or constructing any such vault

or cesspool without obtaining the same, or disregarding the rules, orders or regulations of the Board of Health, shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in section 52 of this order.

SEC. 24. No privy vault, privy, water closet, or other receptacle or place used for the deposit of night-soil or other waste, shall be allowed by the owner, lessee, agent, tenant, occupant, or other person having charge of the premises upon which said privy vault, privy, or water closet or other receptacle or place used for the deposit of night-soil or other waste shall be situated, to become foul, nauseous or offensive, and when, in the opinion of the health officer, any sanitary policeman or any member of the Board of Health, any privy vault, privy, water closet or cess-pool shall need cleaning or disinfecting, it shall be his duty to at once notify such owner, lessee, agent, tenant, occupant or other person having charge of the premises upon which said nuisance is situated, to have such nuisance abated by disinfecting or cleaning as the case may be.

SEC. 25. No privy vault, sink or hole used as a place of deposit for night-soil shall be allowed by the owner, lessee, agent, tenant, or occupant of the premises upon which such privy vault, sink, or hole shall be situated to become filled within two feet of the general surface of the ground in its immediate vicinity; nor shall such person, either or any of them, allow the contents of said privy vault, sink or hole to be drained into any hole or excavation in the ground; nor shall such persons, either or any of them, allow the contents thereof to be covered with earth or other substances and allowed to remain in the ground without a written permit from the health officer or a member of the Board of Health.

SEC. 26. No abandoned well, coal bank or coal shaft, whether in operation or otherwise, shall be used as a sink, cess-pool or privy vault.

SEC. 27. The Board of Health shall contract with one or more reliable persons for the removal of night-soil, who shall, whenever required by said Board, or upon the application of the owner, agent, occupant, or other person having charge of premises upon which a privy is located, clean such privy within as short a time as may be, and said Board shall require bonds of such contractor or contractors for the faithful performance of said contract; such contract and bond to be approved by the City Council.

SEC. 28. The person employed in removing night-soil, as provided in section 24 of this order, shall remove the same at such hours or time as the Board of Health may direct, in some air-tight apparatus that will prevent the contents from emitting nauseous or unwholesome odors, vapors and gases; the vehicle employed in such removal shall not be allowed to stand, except while loading, on any public street, avenue, alley, lane, or public ground, and no person shall transport night-soil over any street avenue, alley, lane, or public ground of the city without a written permit from the health officer.

SEC. 29. No person shall transport swill, garbage, fat, bones, offal, or any decayed, or putrid, or stinking animal or vegetable matter through any street, lane, alley, avenue or public ground of the city, except by written permit from the health officer, and such swill, garbage,

fat, bones, offal or decayed animal or vegetable matter shall be transported in vehicles or barrels that shall be effectually covered and water-tight so that no offensive odors or liquids shall escape.

SEC. 30. Any person or persons, who by himself, his agent, trustee, or employe, shall in any manner violate any of the orders, rules and regulations of the Board of Health, in removing night-soil, or transporting swill, garbage, fat, bones, offal, or any decayed or putrid, and stinking animal or vegetable matter through any street, lane, alley, avenue, or public ground of the city, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than \$5 nor more than \$25.

CHAPTER IV.

MILK REGULATIONS.

SECTION 31. The Board of Health may appoint such number of inspectors of dairies, slaughter-houses, shops, wagons, appliance, food and water supplies for animals, milk, meat, butter or cheese, or having the semblance of butter and cheese, and such other persons as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, define their duties, and fix their compensation; and such inspectors may, for such purpose, enter any house, vehicle or yard; and the Board of Health shall keep for public inspection, a record of the names, residence, and places of business of all persons engaged in the sale of milk and meat, and may require permits, after inspection, to vend either milk or meat. For every permit granted by order of the health officer, in accordance with the provisions of this section, the person to whom such permit is granted shall pay to the clerk of the Board of Health the sum of \$1.25, \$1 of which shall be paid to the city treasurer and shall be used for sanitary purposes only. Twenty-five cents shall be retained by the clerk of this Board for his fee in issuing the permit. Such inspectors may enter any place where milk is sold or kept for sale, and all carriages used in the conveyance of milk, and whenever he has reason to believe milk found therein is impure or adulterated, he shall take specimens thereof and subject them to satisfactory test, or if the Board so order, to chemical analysis, the result of which he shall record and preserve as evidence, and a certificate of such result, sworn to by the analyzer, shall be admissible in evidence in all prosecutions under the provisions of this chapter.

SEC. 32. No person shall sell, offer or have for sale in the city any unwholesome, impure, watered or adulterated milk, or milk known as "swill milk" or milk from cows that are fed on swill, garbage or other like substances, nor any butter or cheese made from any such milk.

SEC. 33. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons after an inspection of milk has been made in accordance with section 31 of this chapter, and such inspection or analysis shows such milk to be skimmed milk, watered or adulterated milk, or such meat to be putrid, rotten or decaying meat, and notice of said fact shall have been served upon the vender of such watered milk, skimmed or adulterated milk, or putrid meat, to continue the sale of milk, or meat without first obtaining a

written permit from the health officer. Such person shall pay for such permit \$1.25 to the clerk of the Board of Health, \$1 of which shall be paid to the city treasury and credited to the sanitary fund, and 25 cents retained by the clerk of the Board as his fee for issuing such permit. Such permit shall be issued for one year from the date thereof, but shall be subject to revocation by order of the Board of Health. Before such permit is issued such person shall enter into bond, payable to said city in any sum not exceeding \$300, with sureties to be approved by a majority of the members of the Board, conditioned that he will not continue the sale of any such watered, skimmed, or adulterated milk, or putrid meat.

Before obtaining a permit the applicant shall state to the Board in writing the number of cows owned by him, if any, the name and post-office address of any and all persons from whom he purchases milk, and the amount, and he shall state the number of gallons of milk sold by himself each day as near as he can estimate the same; and the Clerk shall enter the same in a book, and said book shall be open to inspection by the officers of the Board of Health and the general public.

SEC. 34. All grocers, bakers and other persons having or offering for sale milk shall at all times have the name or names of the dairymen, person or persons from whom the milk on sale is obtained, and the number of their permit posted in a conspicuous place wherever such milk may be sold or kept for sale; and all milk wagons shall have the name of the owner and number of the wagon painted thereon plainly and legibly.

SEC. 35. No dealer in milk, and no servant or agent of such a dealer, shall sell, exchange, or deliver, or have in his custody or possession, with intent to sell, exchange, or deliver, milk from which the cream or part thereof has been removed, unless in a conspicuous place, above the center, upon the outside of every vessel, can, or package, from which or in which such milk is sold, the words "skimmed milk" are distinctly marked in uncondensed gothic letters not less than one inch in length.

SEC. 36. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to sell, or offer for sale, or have in his possession for the purpose of selling, any milk, unless the proportion of milk solids shall be not less than twelve and one-half per centum and of such solids twenty-five per centum shall be fat, except during the months of May and June, when milk contains less than twelve per cent. of milk solids, shall be deemed not to be good, standard quality.

SEC. 37. Whoever violates any of the provisions of this chapter shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$200 for the first offense. For a second offense he shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500; and for each subsequent offense he shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$200, and be sentenced to the workhouse not less than 20 days nor more than 90 days.

All moneys arising from the collection of such fines shall be deposited by the court collecting the same, with the city treasurer, and shall be used for sanitary purposes only; and shall be drawn upon reso-

lution of the Board of Health, and signed by the President of the Board, attested by the clerk of the Board.

CHAPTER V.

SUB-DIVISION I. CONTAGIOUS AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

SECTION 38. Every physician, or where no physician is employed, the head of a family having a case of cholera, yellow fever, typhus, smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, whooping cough, membranous croup, typhoid fever, and typho malaria or other contagious disease within the city limits shall report the same to the health officer within 12 hours after having knowledge of the disease, giving the number of the house, the street upon which it is located, and the name of the occupant or occupants, and the name of such diseased person if known. If at any time a physician or friends of a patient are in doubt, or attempt to conceal the true character or nature of the disease that a patient may be suffering from, it shall be the duty of the health officer to appoint one or more physicians to decide upon the case by actual inspection of the patient.

SEC. 39. The health officer, upon receiving notice from any physician, or in case of doubt and consultation, upon notice from the majority of the consulting physicians in the case, or the head of the family, of the existence of any of the contagious diseases mentioned in the preceding section shall direct the sanitary policeman to tack up a notice on the infected premises in a conspicuous place, on which card shall be printed the name of the disease within; and it shall be unlawful for any person to remove such notice so long as the Board of Health shall require the same to remain; and within three days after the discharge or death of any such patient the attending physician or head of the family shall, in writing, notify the health officer of such fact.

SEC. 40. The Board of Health shall, when it is deemed expedient, send persons suffering with any of the contagious diseases named in section number 38 hereof, to the city hospital or smallpox hospital, direct and require that all such persons shall be closely confined within their respective dwellings and place of abode, and all persons residing in the same or in any way concerned therewith, shall be subject to such regulations as the Board may prescribe. Should the Board deem it necessary for the protection of the community, it may cause all persons affected by any contagious disease to be removed to the pest house or hospital.

SEC. 41. All school trustees, school teachers, school boards or others having authority or in control of schools, are hereby forbidden to receive into or allow to attend any school, public, parochial or private, any pupil coming from a family having any of the contagious diseases named in section 38 hereof, except typhoid and typho malaria fever.

SEC. 42. Any pupil from infected families can be permitted to enter the school only on presenting a certificate from the health officer, and that shall be issued in time not less than that prescribed by the State Board of Health.

SEC. 43. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly introduce or knowingly aid and assist in introducing the smallpox, or any other dangerous, pestilential or infectious disease into any family, school, or within the city limits.

SEC. 44. All school trustees, school teachers, school boards, or others having authority in or control of schools, are hereby forbidden to receive into or allowed to attend any school, public, parochial or private, any pupil not vaccinated within the preceding five years, or not having had the smallpox or varioloid.

SEC. 45. Every pupil entering a school shall bring a certificate from a physician stating that he or she has been vaccinated within the preceding five years, or has had the smallpox or varioloid.

SEC. 46. No person having smallpox or any dangerous, pestilential, infectious or contagious disease shall wilfully expose himself or herself in the public streets, public conveyances or vehicles; nor shall any driver or owner of any such vehicles or conveyances knowingly or wilfully permit the same.

SEC. 47. Every conductor, driver or owner of any vehicle or conveyance in which any person has ridden having smallpox or any dangerous, pestilential, infectious or contagious disease at the time of riding in the same, shall immediately upon obtaining information or knowledge thereof disinfect the same, and in such manner as the Health Officer shall direct.

SEC. 48. No person shall give, lend, sell, transmit, convey or expose for sale, any clothing, rags, bedding or other things which have been exposed to infection or contagion.

SEC. 49. The body of any person dying of any of the contagious diseases named in section 38 hereof, shall not be taken into any church, lecture room, chapel or public place.

SEC. 50. In the care and burial of persons who have died of smallpox, cholera, yellow fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, membranous croup, or typhus, the undertaker or other person in charge of the funeral shall, within five hours after death, completely envelope the body in a sheet, thoroughly saturated in a solution of bi-chloride of mercury in proportion of one ounce of bi-chloride of mercury to one gallon of water. The body shall then be placed in a casket and buried within twenty-four hours after death, and in no case shall the body be again unwrapped or the casket opened, and the funeral of such person shall be strictly private, and no one shall be permitted to attend said funeral except the adult members of the family. Children are absolutely forbidden to be present.

SEC. 51. No person, except physicians, or one who has written permission from the Health Officer, shall enter or depart from any house where any person is sick with any of the contagious diseases named in section 38 hereof, (except typhoid and typho malaria fevers,) or where the corpse of any person who shall have died of such disease is within the house, or within ten days after such corpse has been removed, or the person so sick therewith shall fully recover of such disease, and said building, the clothing, beds and other household goods therein shall

have been thoroughly disinfected or disposed of otherwise, to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

SEC. 52. No child shall be suffered or permitted by parents or guardians, or others in control of such child, to attain the age of one year without having been vaccinated.

SUB-DIVISION II. STATISTICS.

SEC. 53. It shall be the duty of every undertaker or other person, before removing the body of any diseased person for burial, to obtain from said Board a permit so to do, and before obtaining such permit he shall deposite in the office of the Board of Health a certificate setting forth, as nearly as he can ascertain, the age of the deceased, with name, sex, nativity, whether married or single, widow or widower, name of street and number of late residence in the city, duration of last sickness and cause, both primary and secondary, to be furnished by the attending physician; also date of death and place of intended interment, which certificate shall be signed by the undertaker taking charge of the body; and it shall be make out upon blanks furnished by the Board. It shall be the duty of every physician, surgeon, or other attendant at the time of death of any person, or who may have actual knowledge of the same, upon application to furnish the undertaker or Health Officer a written statement of the date of death, name of the person deceased, and the cause of death, both primary and secondary, within 24 hours thereafter, and upon blanks furnished by the Board of Hhealth when they can be procured.

SEC. 54. It shall be the duty of every physician and midwife, or the head of a family, to report to the Health Officer of the city, on the first day of each month, the births of all children delivered to him or her during the month preceding, with the date of said birth, together with the sex, color, residence and name of the parents of such child.

SUB-DIVISION III. BROTHELS AND ASSIGNATION HOUSES.

SEC. 55. When any female under the age of eighteen years, or believed to be under that age, is found in a brothel or house of assignation the Board of Health, upon being duly informed thereof, shall return her to her home, if she has a home, but if such female have no home, she shall be sent to such benevolent institution established for the benefit of abandoned females as the Board may decide upon.

SEC. 56. No such female shall be consigned to any benevolent institution against her will, but in case she declines the care and protection tendered her, it shall be the duty of the Board to report her to the Mayor forthwith to be tried as a vagrant.

SEC. 57. When a female is found in a house of ill-fame or assignation affected with a contagious or infectious disease and is removed to, or if such person apply to any hospital or pesthouse for admission and treatment, and is admitted, the cost of such removal and the expense of boarding and washing while in such hospital or pesthouse shall be paid by the proprietor of the house of ill-fame or assignation or in which she was last an inmate; such payment shall be made before the patient is discharged from such hospital or pesthouse.

SEC. 58. If the proprietor of such house of ill-fame or assignation fails or refuses to pay such expense, legal proceedings shall immediately be instituted against him or the owner of the premises in which such female was last found, or both, as provided by law, and such patient shall be held as a witness in the case.

SEC. 59. The health officer and sanitary policemen of the city shall have the same power to make arrests as is by ordinance and law conferred upon the regular police of the city in all cases where any person or persons shall violate the statutes, ordinances, orders, rules or regulations relating to the health of the city.

SEC. 60. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to molest or resist any member of said Board, the health officer, any sanitary policeman, or any officer or assistant officer of the Board of Health.

SEC. 61. Whoever violates any provision of this chapter or any order of the Board of Health made in pursuance thereof, or obstructs or interferes with the execution of such order, or willfully or illegally omits to obey any such order, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$100, or imprisoned not exceeding ninety days, or both, provided no person shall be imprisoned for the first offense.

Passed by the Board of Health May 25, 1893.

I. B. MILLER,

President of the Board.

CLATE A. SMITH,

Clerk.

